Hunton & Arrathorne EYFS Planning Spring 2

TERRIFIC TOYS

Books;	The Tiger Who Come to Tea Judith Kerr DERNO Judith Kerr The Three Little Pigs Judith Kerr Story Time With Originals	
Hooks;	Bring in your favourite toy	
Special Days;	Shrove Tuesday (21 st Feb), St. David's Day (1 st Mar) World Book Day (2 nd Mar), Holi (8 th Mar) St. Patrick's Day(17 th Mar), Mother's Day (10 th Mar), Easter Sunday (31 st Mar)	
Trips;	Teddy Bear Picnic on the Village Green	
Songs;	How much is that doggy in the window?	
Role Play;	Toy Shop & Toy Hospital	

Area of Learning	Early Learning Goals	Implementation	Intent - Skills progression
Communication	Listening, Attention and	Language linked to the toys, historical and	To retell the story, once they
and Language	Understanding	geographical vocabulary and exploring language	have developed a deep familiarity
(Prime)	• Listen attentively and respond	from books	with the text; some as exact
	to what they hear with	Rhymes, poems and songs; Five Teddy Bears. I'm	repetition and some in their own
	relevant questions, comments	a Little Teddy Bear. Lots of different Toys,	words.
	and actions when being read	Night-time in the toy Shop, The Big Toy Shop	
	to and during whole class	Children to discuss and write about their	To be able to switch attention
	discussions and small group	favourite toy after bringing them into school to	from one task to another.
	interactions.	show and tell	

 Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding. Hold conversation when engaged in back-and-forth exchanges with their teacher and peers. 	They will be encouraged to ask questions about what they want to learn and do not know as we move through our learning	To be able to follow complex instructions. To respond to discussions with comments and questions. To be able to listen in large group or whole school activities such as assembly, recalling some of the themes and comment at a later stage.
 Speaking Participate in small group, class and one-to-one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary. Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, nonfiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate. Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences, including use of past, present and future tenses and making use of conjunctions, with modelling 	Adults will use language by introducing in texts and stories throughout the year to talk about toys in meaningful conversation. I like this toy because, I prefer to play with this one because What are toys, why do we have them? Talk about new and old toys Link to No Outsiders; Gender discussion, what do girls and boys play with, why? Discuss and relate social phrases in various contexts	To share their work with others. To develop social phrases. To enjoy being part of conversations and discussions and using new vocabulary in context. To use talk to support their imaginative play.

	and support from their teacher.		
Physical Development (Prime)	 Gross Motor Skills Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others. Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing. Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing. 	Use their core muscle strength to achieve a good posture when sitting at a table Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing. Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing. Dedicated PE sessions - Dance and Ball Skills (2)	To throw and catch with a partner with increased control and accuracy. To roll and track a ball. To dribble a ball using hands and feet. To develop accuracy when throwing to a target. To move in time to music, following the rhythm and use counting to help keep in time. To copy and create actions in time to a piece of music. To communicate ideas through movement demonstrating confidence, and imagination.
	 Fine Motor Skills Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing using the tripod grip in almost all cases. Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paintbrushes and cutlery. 	Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing – using the tripod grip in almost all cases Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paint brushes and cutlery Opportunities to use these and model to help improve skill and accuracy	To begin to use scissors to cut around more complex shapes. To write letters using the correct letter formation and control the size of the letters formed.

	• Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing.	Dough Disco/Letterjoin/Letters modelled in phonics/opportunities to write in guided and independent learning time Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing Look at drawing accurately when drawing toys	
Personal Social and Emotional Development (Prime)	 Self-regulation Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly. Set and work towards simple goals, being able to wait for what they want and control their immediate impulses when appropriate. Give focused attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving several 	Continue to discuss feelings and emotions and develop self-regulation based on needs of children press his/her own feelings and consider feelings of others No-outsiders book and weekly assemblies are opportunities to discuss their feelings	To identity and moderate their feelings socially and emotionally. To continue to consider the needs and feelings of others. To think about perspective of others.
	ideas or actions. Managing Self • Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge.	Confident to try new activities with resilience and perseverance Children encouraged to try new activities and foods as part of our learning Set challenges which encourage resilience and perseverance Look at 100 things to do Manages basic hygiene (dressing, toilet, food choices)	To identify and name healthy foods. To understand the importance of healthy food choices.

	 Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly. Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet and understanding the importance of healthy food choices. 	As we are in summer children learn how to keep themselves well in the hot weather Hydration and putting on their own hats and sun cream Children may have opportunity to learn to dress in school for PE	
	 Building Relationships Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others. Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers. Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs. 	Work on relationships based on needs of children Children to continue to play games with rules Children, if ready to be introduced to longer and more complex board games In their play children to develop their own games with rules that they follow and explain to others	To listen to the ideas of others. To find solutions to disagreements, with support from adults. To see themselves as a valuable individual. Talk about things they think they are good at or are proud of. To cooperate with others, listening and sharing some ideas and will listen to advice about how to solve disagreements. Use words to solve conflicts. Take turns in group activities and follow rules, playing cooperatively and taking turns with others.
Literacy (Specific)	Comprehension • Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced	 Possible Stories/Books Fiction and non-fiction books linked to Toys; see above, also, Lost in the Toys Museum, Old Bear, The Old Toy Room, That Rabbit belongs to Emily Brown, 	To begin to predict what might happen next in a story. To suggest what might happen at the end of a story. To retell a story they have heard. To follow a story without
	vocabulary.	 You Choose 	pictures of props.

 Anticipate (where appropriate) key a stories. Use and understa introduced vocabu discussions about fiction, rhymes ar during role play. 	events in Answer questions during story time - using VIPERS Ind recently Encourage children to act out well known storie Ilary during read to them Stories, non-Highlight, discuss and display vocabulary in tex	about a text that has been read
Word Reading • Say a sound for e the alphabet and	•	n To recognise taught Phase 3 graphemes - see Little Wandle.
digraphs. • Read words consis their phonic know	Morning tasks linked to taught graphemes/ stent with phonemes	To read phonetically decodable books matched to their phonics ability to build up their
sound-blending. • Read aloud simple and books that ar	e consistent Poetry basket	confidence in word reading, their fluency and their understanding and enjoyment.
with their phonic including some col exception words.		To read captions and sentences using taught sounds.
		To read taught tricky words.
Writing Write recognisab 	Writing about weekends. le letters,	To understand that sentences start with a capital letter and
most of which are	, 5 , 1	end with a full stop.
formed.	Name writing	To write sentences using finger
Spell words by ide sounds in them an		spaces and full stops.
representing the		To spell words using taught sounds.
a letter or letters		

	Write simple phrases and sentences that can be read by others.	 Sequencing short stories - beginning, middle, end 	To form lowercase letters and begin to form capital letters correctly To start to write short sentences with words with known sound- letter correspondences, using a capital letter and a full stop. Read sentences back to an adult.
Mathematics (Specific)	 Number Have a deep understanding of number to 10, including the composition of each number. Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5. Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10, including double facts. 	 White Rose Maths SOW Length, height and time Building 9 and 10 Explore 3D shapes Super Sixes Maths Mastery 	To begin to subitise to 10. To explore the composition of numbers to 10. To continue to recall addition facts that make 5 and identify the subtraction facts. To practise pairs of numbers that make 10. To begin to learn double facts. Link the number symbol (numeral) with its cardinal number value to 10.
	 Numerical Patterns Verbally count beyond 20, recognising the pattern of the counting system. Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or 	 White Rose Maths SOW Length, height and time Building 9 and 10 Explore 3D shapes Super Sixes Maths Mastery 	To combine two groups of objects by counting all of them together. To take objects away and count how many are left. To count given objects up to 10. To order numbers to 10. To compare quantities to 10.

	 the same as the other quantity. Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10, including evens and odds, double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally. 		Recognises patterns within number.
Understanding the World (Specific)	 Past and Present Talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society. Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling. 	Compare and contrast characters from stories, including toys from the past Look at different toys, look at how technology has influences toys and games Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class Look at how toys have changed over time; have some stayed the same, some changed? Why?	To know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on experiences and what has been read in class. To know about the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling (Toys now vs past)
	 People, Culture and Communities Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts and maps. Know some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this country, drawing on their 	Know some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class Look at different faiths and their beliefs and significant individuals in their faiths Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and - when appropriate - maps	To know that Christians celebrate Easter.

	 experiences and what has been read in class. Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, nonfiction texts and (when appropriate) maps. The Natural World Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants. Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and changing states of matter. 	How is life different for people around the world particularly those without the same rights as us Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and changing states of matter; Summer	To identify and recognise the features of Spring. To identify the features of a woodland and identify the animals that live there. Understands and uses some language related to animals, e.g. camouflage, predator, nocturnal, diurnal.
Expressive Art and Design (Specific)	Creating with Materials • Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function.	Ideas such as; Self- Portraits Design and create new toy	Create collaboratively, sharing ideas, resources and skills. Uses different techniques and materials to achieve the desired

 Share their creations, explaining the process they have used. Make use of props and materials when role playing characters in narratives and stories. 		effect and can talk about what has been created. Mixes colours to produce different shades and combines materials to create different textures. Is beginning to plan a design before starting. Uses a range of tools and equipment and selects the most appropriate tool or joining material for the job.
 Being Imaginative and Expressive Invent, adapt and recount narratives a story with peers and their teacher. Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs. Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and (when appropriate) try to move in time with music 	Develop storylines in their pretend play role play toy themed based on interest; shop and hospital Small World; children develop story lines using their favourite small world toys	Sing in a group or on their own, increasingly matching the pitch and following the melody. Explore and engage in music making and dance, performing solo or in groups. Develop storylines in their pretend play. Plays a range of percussion instruments. Uses instruments to compose own music.

	Along with others, collects resources to develop own role play storylines.
Intentional vocabulary	Toys/the past: old, new, the past, the present, plastic, wood, metal Finding out about the past: Enquiry - Today, Yesterday, old, new, now, then, different, same, change, past, present Dinosaurs: extinct, carnivore, herbivore, omnivore, teeth, skin/scales, horns, tyrannosaurus rex, diplodocus, pterodactyl (not a dinosaur), triceratops, stegosaurus, fossils Spring: Adult, baby, child, animal, human, egg, birds, insects, bugs, minibeasts, frog, butterfly, metamorphosis life-cycles Objects and Materials: object, material, hard, wood, glass, paper, hard, soft, plastic, shiny, metal, rock, fabric, smooth, rough, dissolve, melt, absorb. Maths: 2D, 3D solid shapes, solid, sides, faces, round, curved, longer, shorter, full, half, empty, holds, container, Heavy, light, heavier, lighter, time, o'clock, rectangular, cylinder, cube, cuboid, pyramid, cone, sphere, more, less, dew, fewer, fewest, smaller, smallest, balance, calculations, addition, plus, altogether, equals, number bonds, Season: Spring, change, light, new, life, faith, belief, Christian