

Curriculum:

Progression in Writing



<u>INTENT</u> – The Writing Curriculum

By the end of year 6, we intend for our children to be enthusiastic, articulate and imaginative communicators, proficient in expressing themselves in various forms and for different purposes. We see it as imperative for children to reach their full potential in writing, a life-skill that will serve them throughout any future career they may seek or any path they may choose to follow in life; their ability to achieve this rests on their skills and understanding in transcription, composition, oracy and grammar, punctuation & spelling, fundamental pillars of the English language. It is essential that our teaching and curriculum develops pupils' competence in these areas and that we strive as educators to provide children with the opportunity to write for a range of purposes, forms and audiences and across the curriculum to help ensure their writing is relevant and purposeful.

Through careful planning, we seek to provide the children with a platform to take ownership of their writing, completing an enjoyable and interesting process which provides them with the opportunities to explore existing texts; share their ideas through speaking and listening activities; plan for structure, content and vocabulary; work collaboratively with peers and adults to develop their writing; and work independently to produce a piece of writing in which they can see a clear and meaningful purpose. Writing is an ever-evolving skill and we encourage children to edit and improve their work often, forever striving to produce their best work.

Writing, much like reading, another key driver in our curriculum, provides children with the opportunity to let their imaginations run free and transport them to other worlds in a way in which no other subject can match. It is our job to nurture and encourage this and ensure children are provided with rich and plentiful opportunities to express themselves through their writing. Our curriculum seeks to excite, engage and enthuse children whilst simultaneously providing them with the skills required to reach their full potential in writing.

<u>IMPLEMENTATION</u> - Progression in Writing

Transcription The children learn to: The children learn to: Spell: words containing each of the 40+ phonemes already taught. Spell: common exception words. Spell: the days of the week. Name the letters of the alphabet: naming the letters of the alphabet: using letter names to distinguish between alternative spellings of the same Name the letters of the alphabet: using letter names to distinguish between alternative spellings of the same The children learn to: The children learn to: The children learn to: Use further prefixes and suffixes and understand how to add them (English Appendix 1). Spell by: learning new ways of spell words that are often misspelt (English Appendix 1). Spell words that are often misspelt (English Appendix 1). Spell words that are often misspelt (English Appendix 1). Spell words that are often misspelt (English Appendix 1). Spell words that are often misspelt (English Appendix 1). Spell words that are often misspelt (English Appendix 1). Spell words that are often misspelt (English Appendix 1). Spell words that are often misspelt (English Appendix 1). Spell words with regular plurals (for example, girls', boys') and in words with regular plurals (for example, girls', boys') and in words with irregular plurals (for example, children's). Spell by: learning to spell common exception words. Spell by: learning to spell common exception words. Spell by: learning to spell words with regular plurals (for example, girls', boys') and in words with irregular plurals (for example, children's). Spell words that are often misspelt (English Appendix 1). Continue to distinguish between homophones and other words whith or approach to the words whith regular plurals (for example, girls', boys') and in words with regular plurals (for example, children's). Spell some words Spell words that are often misspelt (English Appendix 1). Use knowledge of morphology and etymology in spelling and understand thow to add them (English Appendix 1). Spell some words with search spelling words
sound. Add prefixes and suffixes: using the spelling rule for adding—s or —es as the plural marker for nouns and the third person singular marker for verbs. Add prefixes and suffixes: using the prefix un— Add prefixes and suffixes: using eing,—ed,—er and— est where no change is needed in the spelling of root words (for example, helping, helped, helper, eating, quicker, quickest). Add prefixes and suffixes: using and suffixes: using eing,—ed,—er and— est where no change is needed in the spelling of root words (for example, helping, helped, helper, eating, quicker, quickest). Add prefixes and suffixes: using eing,—ed,—er and— est where no change is needed in the spelling rule and guidance, as listed in English Appendix 1. English Appendix 1. Use dictionary: Write from memory simple sentences, dictated by the teacher, that include words and punctuation taught so far. Use the first three or four letters of a word to check its spelling in a dictionary. Write from memory simple sentences, dictated by the teacher, that include words and punctuation taught so far. Use the first three or four letters of a word to check its spelling in a dictionary. Write from memory simple sentences, dictated by the teacher, that include words and punctuation taught so far. Use the first three or four letters of a word to check the spelling and meaning of words. Use the first three or four letters of a word to check the spelling and meaning of the spelling not expends and punctuation taught so far. Use a thesaurus. Use a thesaurus. Wise a thesaurus. Write from memory simple

Composition	The children learn to:	The children learn:	The children learn to:	The children learn to:	The children learn to:	The children learn to:	The children learn to:
		Write sentences by: saying out loud what they are going to write about.	Develop positive attitudes towards and stamina for writing by: writing narratives about	Plan their writing by: discussing writing similar to that which they are	Plan their writing by: discussing writing similar to that which they are	Plan their writing by: identifying the audience for and purpose of the writing,	Plan their writing by: identifying the audience for and purpose of the writing,
		Write sentences by: composing a sentence orally before writing it.	personal experiences and those of others (real and fictional).	planning to write in order to understand and learn from its structure, vocabulary	understand and learn from its structure, vocabulary	form and using other similar writing as models for their	selecting the appropriate form and using other similar writing as models for their
			Develop positive attitudes towards and stamina for writing	and grammar Plan their writing by:	and grammar.	own.	own.
		Write sentences by: sequencing sentences to form short narratives.	by: writing about real events. Develop positive attitudes	discussing and recording ideas.	Plan their writing by: discussing and recording ideas.	Plan their writing by: noting and developing initial ideas, drawing on reading and	Plan their writing by: noting and developing initial ideas, drawing on reading and
		Write sentences by: re- reading what they have	towards and stamina for writing by: writing poetry.	Draft and write by: composing and rehearsing sentences orally (including	Draft and write by: composing and rehearsing	research where necessary. Plan their writing by: in	research where necessary. Plan their writing by: in
		written to check that it makes sense.	Develop positive attitudes towards and stamina for writing by: writing for different	dialogue), progressively	sentences orally (including dialogue), progressively building a varied and rich	writing narratives, considering how authors have developed characters	writing narratives, considering how authors have developed characters
		Discuss what they have written with the teacher or other pupils.	purposes. Consider what they are going to	increasing range of sentence structures (English	vocabulary and an increasing range of	and settings in what pupils have read, listened to or	and settings in what pupils have read, listened to or seen performed.
		Read aloud their writing clearly enough to be heard	write before beginning by: planning or saying out loud what they are going to write	Draft and write by: organising paragraphs	Appendix 2). Draft and write by:	·	Draft and write by: selecting appropriate grammar and
		by their peers and the teacher.	about. Consider what they are going to	around a theme.	organising paragraphs around a theme Draft and write by: in	vocabulary, understanding how such choices can change and enhance	vocabulary, understanding how such choices can change and enhance
			write before beginning by: writing down ideas and/or key words, including new	narratives, creating settings, characters and plot.	'	meaning. Draft and write by: in	meaning. Draft and write by: in
			vocabulary.	Draft and write by: in non- narrative material, using	Draft and write by: in non- narrative material, using	narratives, describing settings, characters and	narratives, describing settings, characters and
			Consider what they are going to write before beginning by: encapsulating what they want	devices [for example, headings and sub-	simple organisational devices [for example, headings and sub-	atmosphere and integrating dialogue to convey character and advance the	dialogue to convey character and advance the
			to say, sentence by sentence. Make simple additions, revisions and corrections to	headings]. Evaluate and edit by: assessing the effectiveness	headings]. Evaluate and edit by: assessing the effectiveness	action. Draft and write by: précising longer passages.	action. Draft and write by: précising longer passages.
			their own writing by: evaluating their writing with the teacher	of their own and others' writing and suggesting improvements.	of their own and others' writing and suggesting	Draft and write by: using a wide range of devices to	Draft and write by: using a wide range of devices to
			and other pupils.	,	improvements.	build cohesion within and	build cohesion within and
			Make simple additions, revisions and corrections to	Evaluate and edit by: proposing changes to	Evaluate and edit by: proposing changes to	across paragraphs.	across paragraphs.
			their own writing by: re-reading to check that their writing makes sense and that verbs to	grammar and vocabulary to improve consistency, including the accurate use	grammar and vocabulary to improve consistency, including the accurate use	Draft and write by: using further organisational and presentational devices to	Draft and write by: using further organisational and presentational devices to
			indicate time are used correctly and consistently, including verbs in the continuous form.	of pronouns in sentences Proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors.	of pronouns in sentences.	structure text and to guide the reader [for example,	structure text and to guide the reader [for example,

			Make simple additions, revisions and corrections to their own writing by: proof-reading to check for errors in spelling, grammar and punctuation [for example, ends of sentences punctuated correctly]. Read aloud what they have written with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear.	Read aloud their own writing, to a group or the whole class, using appropriate intonation and controlling the tone and volume so that the meaning is clear.	Proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors. Read aloud their own writing, to a group or the whole class, using appropriate intonation and controlling the tone and volume so that the meaning is clear.	headings, bullet points, underlining]. Evaluate and edit by: assessing the effectiveness of their own and others' writing. Evaluate and edit by: proposing changes to vocabulary, grammar and punctuation to enhance effects and clarify meaning. Evaluate and edit by: ensuring the consistent and correct use of tense throughout a piece of writing. Evaluate and edit by: ensuring correct subject and verb agreement when using singular and plural, distinguishing between the language of speech and writing and choosing the appropriate register. Proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors. Perform their own compositions, using appropriate intonation, volume, and movement so that meaning is clear.	headings, bullet points, underlining]. Evaluate and edit by: assessing the effectiveness of their own and others' writing. Evaluate and edit by: proposing changes to vocabulary, grammar and punctuation to enhance effects and clarify meaning. Evaluate and edit by: ensuring the consistent and correct use of tense throughout a piece of writing. Evaluate and edit by: ensuring correct subject and verb agreement when using singular and plural, distinguishing between the language of speech and writing and choosing the appropriate register. Proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors. Perform their own compositions, using appropriate intonation, volume, and movement so that meaning is clear.
Vocabulary, Grammar and Punctuation	The children learn to:	The children learn to: Develop their understanding of the concepts set out in English Appendix 2 by: leaving spaces between words. Develop their understanding of the concepts set out in English Appendix 2 by: joining	The children learn to: Develop their understanding of the concepts set out in English Appendix 2 by: learning how to use both familiar and new punctuation correctly (see English Appendix 2), including full stops, capital letters, exclamation marks, question marks, commas for lists and apostrophes for contracted	understanding of the concepts set out in English Appendix 2 by: extending the range of sentences with more than one clause by using a wider range of conjunctions, including	The children learn to: Develop their understanding of the concepts set out in English Appendix 2 by: extending the range of sentences with more than one clause by using a wider range of conjunctions, including when, if, because, although.	Appendix 2 by: recognising vocabulary and structures that are appropriate for formal speech and writing,	The children learn to: Develop their understanding of the concepts set out in English Appendix 2 by: recognising vocabulary and structures that are appropriate for formal speech and writing, including subjunctive forms.

	words and joining clauses using and.	forms and the possessive (singular).	Develop their understanding of the	Develop their understanding of the	Develop their understanding of the	Develop their understanding of the
	using and.	(Siligular).	concepts set out in English	concepts set out in English	concepts set out in English	concepts set out in English
	Develop their	Learn how to use: sentences	Appendix 2 by: using the	Appendix 2 by: using the	Appendix 2 by: using	Appendix 2 by: using
	understanding of the	with different forms:	present perfect form of	present perfect form of	passive verbs to affect the	passive verbs to affect the
	concepts set out in English	statement, question,	'	verbs in contrast to the past	· ·	presentation of information
	Appendix 2 by: beginning to		tense.	tense.	in a sentence.	in a sentence.
	punctuate sentences using					
	a capital letter and a full	Learn how to use: expanded	Develop their	Develop their	Develop their	Develop their
	stop, question mark or	noun phrases to describe and	understanding of the	understanding of the	understanding of the	understanding of the
	exclamation mark.	specify [for example, the blue	concepts set out in English	concepts set out in English	concepts set out in English	concepts set out in English
		butterfly].	Appendix 2 by: choosing	Appendix 2 by: choosing	Appendix 2 by: using the	Appendix 2 by: using the
	Develop their		nouns or pronouns	nouns or pronouns	perfect form of verbs to	perfect form of verbs to
	understanding of the	Learn how to use: the present	appropriately for clarity and	appropriately for clarity and	mark relationships of time	mark relationships of time
	concepts set out in English	and past tenses correctly and	cohesion and to avoid	cohesion and to avoid	and cause.	and cause.
	Appendix 2 by: using a	consistently including the	repetition.	repetition.	5 - I - II :	Description in
	capital letter for names of	progressive form.	Dl +hi	D	Develop their	Develop their
	people, places, the days of the week, and the personal	Learn how to use:	Develop their understanding of the	Develop their understanding of the	understanding of the concepts set out in English	understanding of the concepts set out in English
	pronoun 'l'.	subordination (using when, if,	concepts set out in English	concepts set out in English	Appendix 2 by: using	Appendix 2 by: using
	pronoun 1.	that, or because) and co-	Appendix 2 by: using	Appendix 2 by: using	expanded noun phrases to	expanded noun phrases to
	Develop their	ordination (using or, and, or	conjunctions, adverbs and	conjunctions, adverbs and	convey complicated	convey complicated
	understanding of the	but).	-	prepositions to express time	'	information concisely.
	concepts set out in English	,	and cause.	and cause.	,	,
	_	Learn how to use: the grammar			Develop their	Develop their
	grammar for year 1 in	for year 2 in English Appendix 2.	Develop their	Develop their	understanding of the	understanding of the
	English Appendix 2.		understanding of the	understanding of the	concepts set out in English	concepts set out in English
		Learn how to use: some	concepts set out in English	concepts set out in English	Appendix 2 by: using modal	Appendix 2 by: using modal
	Use the grammatical	features of written Standard	Appendix 2 by: using	Appendix 2 by: using	verbs or adverbs to indicate	verbs or adverbs to indicate
	terminology in English	English.	fronted adverbials.	fronted adverbials.	degrees of possibility.	degrees of possibility.
	Appendix 2 in discussing			~		
	their writing.	Use and understand the	Develop their	Develop their	Develop their	Develop their
		grammatical terminology in	understanding of the	understanding of the	understanding of the	understanding of the
		English Appendix 2 in discussing their writing.	concepts set out in English Appendix 2 by: learning the	concepts set out in English Appendix 2 by: learning the	concepts set out in English Appendix 2 by: using	concepts set out in English Appendix 2 by: using
		their writing.	grammar for years 3 and 4	grammar for years 3 and 4	relative clauses beginning	relative clauses beginning
			in English Appendix 2.	in English Appendix 2.	with who, which, where,	with who, which, where,
			Z.i.g.io.i. / ipperiam Z.	E.i.g.io.i., (pperiain E.	when, whose, that or with	when, whose, that or with
			Indicate grammatical and	Indicate grammatical and	an implied (i.e. omitted)	an implied (i.e. omitted)
			other features by: using	other features by: using	relative pronoun.	relative pronoun.
			commas after fronted	commas after fronted		
			adverbials.	adverbials.	Develop their	Develop their
					understanding of the	understanding of the
			Indicate grammatical and	Indicate grammatical and	concepts set out in English	concepts set out in English
				other features by: indicating		Appendix 2 by: learning the
			possession by using the	possession by using the	grammar for years 5 and 6	grammar for years 5 and 6
			possessive apostrophe with	possessive apostrophe with	in English Appendix 2.	in English Appendix 2.
			plural nouns.	plural nouns.	Indicate gramtil	Indicate gramtil
			Indicate grammatical and	Indicate grammatical and	Indicate grammatical and other features by: using	Indicate grammatical and other features by: using
			•	other features by: using and	, ,	commas to clarify meaning
			other reatures by, using dilu	other reatures by, using allu	commissio clarity meaning	commas to clarify meaning

punctuating direct speech. punctuating direct speech. or avoid ambiguity in

writing

or avoid ambiguity in

writing

		Use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately when discussing their writing and reading.	Use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately when discussing their writing and reading.	Indicate grammatical and other features by: using hyphens to avoid ambiguity. Indicate grammatical and other features by: using brackets, dashes or commas to indicate parenthesis. Indicate grammatical and other features by: using semi-colons, colons or dashes to mark boundaries between independent clauses. Indicate grammatical and other features by: using a colon to introduce a list Indicate grammatical and other features by: punctuating bullet points consistently. Use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately in discussing their writing and reading.	Indicate grammatical and other features by: using hyphens to avoid ambiguity. Indicate grammatical and other features by: using brackets, dashes or commas to indicate parenthesis. Indicate grammatical and other features by: using semi-colons, colons or dashes to mark boundaries between independent clauses. Indicate grammatical and other features by: using a colon to introduce a list Indicate grammatical and other features by: punctuating bullet points consistently. Use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately in discussing their writing and reading.
				appropriately in discussing	

IMPLEMENTATION - Rationale

Writing begins in EYFS where the children access 'Drawing Club', a vocabulary driven, stimulating scheme delivered by our highly-skilled EYFS lead. This scheme introduces the children to mark making through the use of 'codes' and builds up to phrases and sentences. This, alongside the Little Wandle Phonics Programme, provides the children with the opportunity to write sentences independently by the end of EYFS and provides them with a solid foundation of skills as they enter Year 1.

From Year 1 to Year 6, children develop their writing skills through the use of the Literacy Tree Scheme, a high-quality, text-based scheme which provides children with the opportunity to write across a wide range of genres and purposes. We have adapted the long-term plan to ensure it is progressive and bespoke to the needs of our children and to ensure children are exposed to fiction, non-fiction, poetry and playscripts throughout their education.

In Year 6, the children follow the scheme throughout the Autumn Term; once they have the skills and understanding of a range of genres, they move to a more 'sustained writing' approach which gives them ample opportunity to write, at length, for a variety of purposes & audiences and further develop their editing skills.

In addition to our use of the Literacy Tree Scheme, children are exposed to daily dictation activities whereby they are given, orally, an age-appropriate sentence to complete. This enables the children to develop their handwriting, spelling and punctuation skills as well as having the opportunity to check their work for accuracy, either independently, with a peer or verbally with a teacher.

Spelling is taught from Year 2 through the use of the 'Spelling Shed Scheme' and handwriting is taught through 'Letter join' – see separate overviews for more information.

<u>Literacy Tree Overview –</u>	<u>Autumn Term</u>	Spring Term	Summer Term
Year A			
Year 1	Cave Baby – Narrative Re-telling	Beegu – lien Narrative	Leo and the Octopus – Fact file
	I Want My Hat Back – Sequels	Stanley's Stick – Own Narrative	The See Saw – Own Narratives
	Sidney, Stella and the Moon – Fact Files	Dinosaurs - Pamphlets	Julian is a Mermaid - Poetry
	Send for a Superhero – Superhero Narratives		
<u>Year 2/3</u>	Leon and the Place Between – Own Version Fantasy	The Last Garden – Extended Narrative	Flotsam – Mystery Narrative
	Dear Earth – Informative Leaflet	Black Dog – Suspense Narrative The Owl and the Pussycat - Poetry	The Great Fire of London – Information Booklet
	We are Water Protectors – Environmental Campaign	,	
<u>Year 4/5</u>	Freedom Bird – Biographies	High Rise Mystery – Extended Stories	The Man Who Walked Between the Towers
	Mermaid of Zennor – Legends	Granny Came Here on Empire Windrush –	- Biographies/autobiographies
	Tempest - Playscripts	Factual Report	The Selfish Giant – Own Version Narative
Year 6	The Invention of Hugo Carbret – Biographies	Sustained Writing Focus	Sustained Writing Focus
	Can We Save the Tigers – Discussion Texts		
	The Boy in the Tower - Narratives		Romeo and Juliet - Playscripts

<u>Literacy Tree Overview –</u>	Autumn Term	Spring Term	<u>Summer Term</u>
Year B			
Year 1	Cave Baby – Narrative Re-telling	Beegu – lien Narrative	Leo and the Octopus – Fact file
	I Want My Hat Back – Sequels	Stanley's Stick – Own Narrative	The See Saw – Own Narratives
	Sidney, Stella and the Moon – Fact Files	Dinosaurs - Pamphlets	Julian is a Mermaid - Poetry
	Send for a Superhero – Superhero Narratives		
<u>Year 2/3</u>	Jim, A Cautionary Tale – Narrative Poems	Wolves – Non-chronological Report	The Day I Swapped My Dad for a Goldfish – Own Version Narrative
	Goldilocks – Sequel Stories	How to Live Forever - Prequels	
	The BFG – Own Version Fantasy Narratives		Lizzy and the Cloud – Guidebook
			Ocean Meets Sky - Fantasy
<u>Year 4/5</u>	Until I Met Dudley – Explanation Text	Odd and the Frost Giants – Re-telling	Shackleton's Journey – Newspaper Report
	Beowolf – Legends	The Iron Man - Mystery	The Lost Happy Endings – Prequels
	FaRTHER - Sequels		Jabberwocky – Nonsense Poems
Year 6	The Invention of Hugo Carbret – Biographies	Sustained Writing Focus	Sustained Writing Focus
	Can We Save the Tigers – Discussion Texts		
	The Boy in the Tower - Narratives		Romeo and Juliet - Playscripts

IMPACT

The effectiveness of our Writing curriculum is measured by the extent in which our children are able to write confidently and accurately across a wide range of genres and for various purposes and audiences. Children should leave year 6 with an enthusiasm for writing and equipped with all of the essential skills and techniques to flourish in writing for the remainder of their education and beyond. The impact of our curriculum is assessed robustly on a day-to-day basis to ensure it is providing children with the best possible foundations in which to succeed in writing. Our writing is celebrated and assessed in a variety of ways:

- 1. Assessing pieces of writing against the relevant writing objectives using insight tracker.
- 2. Whole school writing gallery showcasing the progression in writing from EYFS to Year 6.
- 3. Regular book looks, learning walks and pupil voice to identify good practice and areas for development conducted by the English lead alongside the Headteacher and the link governor for English.
- 4. Weekly awards for achievements across the curriculum, including writing.
- 5. Focussed spelling, handwriting and dictation activities focussing on skills required for accurate and well-presented writing.